

# CRE-DP With IE5 PMM 1-15HP Three phase Guide Specification

## Part I – GENERAL

### 1.1 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Single Pump Variable Speed Pump

### 1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS

The work in this section is subject to the requirements of applicable portions of the following standards:

- A. Hydraulic Institute
- B. ANSI – American National Standards Institute
- C. ASTM – American Society for Testing and Materials
- D. IEEE – Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
- E. NEMA – National Electrical Manufacturers Association
- F. NEC – National Electrical Code
- G. ISO – International Standards Organization
- H. UL – Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.

## Part 2 – PRODUCTS

### 2.1 SINGLE PUMP VARIABLE SPEED PUMP

- A. Furnish and test a single pump variable speed pumping system to maintain constant water delivery pressure.
- B. The pump system shall be a standard product of a single pump manufacturer. The entire pump system including pump, motor, variable frequency drive and pump controller, shall be designed and built by the same manufacturer.
- C. The complete motor and drive shall be certified and listed by UL for conformance to U.S. and Canadian Standards.

### 2.2 PUMPS

- A. The pumps shall be ANSI/NSF 61 approved for drinking water.
- B. The pumps shall be of the in-line vertical multi-stage design
- C. The head-capacity curve shall have a steady rise in head from maximum to minimum flow within the preferred operating region. The shut-off head shall be a minimum of 20% higher than the head at the best efficiency point.
- D. Small Vertical In-Line Multi-Stage Pumps (12mm or 16mm shaft, Nominal flow from 4.5 to 110 gallons per minute) shall have the following features:
  - 1. The pump impellers shall be secured directly to the pump shaft by means of a splined shaft arrangement.
  - 2. The suction/discharge base shall have ANSI Class 250 flange or internal pipe thread (NPT) connections as determined by the pump station manufacturer.

3. Pump Construction.

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|--|----------------------------|
| a. Suction/discharge base, pump head, motor stool: | Cast iron (Class 30)       |
| b. Impellers, diffuser chambers, outer sleeve:     | 304 Stainless Steel        |
| c. Shaft   | 316 or 431 Stainless Steel |
| d. Impeller wear rings:                            | 304 Stainless Steel        |
| e. Shaft journals and chamber bearings:            | Silicon Carbide            |
| f. O-rings:  | EPDM                       |

Shaft couplings shall be made of cast iron or sintered steel.

Optional materials for the suction/discharge base and pump head shall be cast 316 stainless steel (ASTM CF-8M) resulting in all wetted parts of stainless steel.

4. The shaft seal shall be a balanced o-ring cartridge type with the following features:

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|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| a. Collar, Drivers, Spring:   | 316 Stainless Steel                 |
| b. Shaft Sleeve, Gland Plate: | 316 Stainless Steel                 |
| c. Stationary Ring:           | Silicon Carbide (Graphite Imbedded) |
| d. Rotating Ring:             | Silicon Carbide (Graphite Imbedded) |
| e. O-rings:                   | EPDM                                |

5. Shaft seal replacement shall be possible without removal of any pump components other than the coupling guard, shaft coupling and motor.

E. Large In-line Vertical Multi-Stage Pumps (22mm shaft, Nominal flows from 140 to 440 gallons per minute) shall have the following features:

1. The pump impellers shall be secured directly to the smooth pump shaft by means of a split cone and nut design.
2. The suction/discharge base shall have ANSI Class 150 or Class 300 flange connections in a slip ring (rotating flange) design as indicated in the drawings or pump schedule.

3. Pump Construction.

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|--|------------------------------|
| a. Suction/discharge base, pump head           | Ductile Iron (ASTM 65-45-12) |
| b. Shaft couplings, flange rings:              | Ductile Iron (ASTM 65-45-12) |
| b. Shaft                                       | 431 Stainless Steel          |
| c. Motor Stool                                 | Cast Iron (ASTM Class 30)    |
| d. Impellers, diffuser chambers, outer sleeve: | 304 Stainless Steel          |
| e. Impeller wear rings:                        | 304 Stainless Steel          |
| f. Intermediate Bearing Journals:              | Tungsten Carbide             |
| g. Intermediate Chamber Bearings:              | Leadless Tin Bronze          |
| h. Chamber Bushings:                           | Graphite Filled PTFE         |
| i. O-rings:                                    | EPDM                         |

4. The shaft seal shall be a single balanced metal bellows cartridge with the following construction:

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|---|----------------------|
| a. Bellows:                                 | 904L Stainless Steel |
| b. Shaft Sleeve, Gland Plate, Drive Collar: | 316 Stainless Steel  |
| c. Stationary Ring:                         | Carbon               |
| d. Rotating Ring:                           | Tungsten Carbide     |
| e. O-rings:                                 | EPDM                 |

5. Shaft seal replacement shall be possible without removal of any pump components other than the coupling guard, motor couplings, motor and seal cover.

## 2.3 INTEGRATED VARIABLE FREQUENCY DRIVE MOTOR

- A. Each motor shall be of the Integrated Variable Frequency Drive design consisting of a motor and a Variable Frequency Drive (VFD) with a built-in pump system controller. The motor shall be Permanent Magnet motor design and must have IE5 efficiency level. The complete VFD/motor assembly shall be built and tested as one unit by the same manufacturer.
- B. The VFD/motor shall have an IP55 (TEFC) enclosure rating as a complete assembly. The motor shall have a standard NEMA C-Face, Class F insulation with a Class B temperature rise.
- C. The VFD shall be of the PWM (Pulse Width Modulation) design using up to date IGBT (Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistor) technology.
- D. The VFD shall convert incoming fixed frequency three-phase AC power into a variable frequency and voltage for controlling the speed of the motor. The motor current shall closely approximate a sine wave. Motor voltage shall be varied with frequency to maintain desired motor magnetization current suitable for centrifugal pump control and to eliminate the need for motor de-rating.
- E. The VFD shall have, as a standard component, an RFI filter (Radio Frequency Interference) to minimize electrical noise disturbances between the power electronics and the power supply. The VFD/motor shall meet all requirements of the EMC directive concerning residential and light industry equipment (EN 61800-3).
- F. The VFD shall have a minimum of two skip frequency bands which can be field adjustable.
- G. The VFD shall have internal solid-state overload protection designed to trip within the range of 125-150% of rated current.
- H. The VFD/motor shall include protection against input transients, loss of AC line phase, over-voltage, under-voltage, VFD over-temperature, and motor over-temperature.
- I. The VFD/motor shall provide full nameplate output capacity (horsepower and speed) within a balanced voltage range of 414 to 528 volts.
- J. Automatic De-Rate Function: The VFD/motor shall reduce speed during periods of overload allowing for reduced capacity pump operation without complete shut-down of the system. Detection of overload shall be based on continuous monitoring of current, voltage and temperature within the VFD/motor assembly.
- K. The VFD/motor shall have, as a minimum, the following input/output capabilities:
  - 1. Speed Reference Signal: 0-10 VDC, 4-20mA
  - 2. Digital remote on/off
  - 3. Fault Signal Relay (NC or NO)
  - 4. Fieldbus communication port (RS485)
- L. Motor drive end bearings shall be adequately sized so that the minimum L10 bearing life is 17,500 hours at the minimum allowable continuous flow rate for the pump at full rated speed.

## 2.4 PUMP SYSTEM CONTROLLER AND USER INTERFACE

- A. The pump system controller (Proportional-Integral) shall be a standard component of the integrated variable frequency drive motor developed and supported by the pump manufacturer.
- B. The pump system controller shall have an easy to use interface mounted on the VFD/motor enclosure. Pump system start/stop and set-point adjustment shall be possible through the use of two push buttons located on the drive enclosure.

- C. The VFD/motor shall be capable of receiving a remote analog set-point (4-20mA or 0-10 VDC) as well as a remote on/off (digital) signal.
- D. Pump status and alarm state shall be indicated via two LED lights located on the VFD/motor enclosure.
- E. Advanced programming and troubleshooting shall be possible via an Wireless hand-held programmer or a field connected personal computer. Pump system programming (field adjustable) shall include as a minimum the following:

System Pressure set-point, psig	System start pressure, psig
System Stop pressure, psig	Minimum Pump Speed, %
Pressure Transducer supply/range	Maximum Pump Speed, %
System Time (Proportional Gain)	Integral Action Time

- F. The wireless programmer shall be capable of displaying the following status reading:

Pump Status (on, off, min., max.)	System Set-point, psig
Actual system pressure, psig	Remote set-point, %
Pump speed, rpm	VFD/Motor input power, kW
VFD/Motor total cumulative kWh	VFD/Motor total operating hours

- G. The Wireless programmer shall also be capable of displaying the following alarms, with the last five alarms stored in memory:

Loss of sensor signal	Loss of external set-point signal
Under-voltage & Over-voltage	Motor overload (blocked pump)
Motor over-temperature	Drive over-temperature
Drive Over-current	

**2.5 SEQUENCE OF OPERATION**

- A. CRE-DP control will have built in algorithms to adjust system performance proportionally to the system requirements. This advanced control logic replaces the need to install differential sensors  $\frac{3}{4}$  of the way out in the system.
- B. Controller must be able to estimate the current flow rate in order to adjust the proportional pressure required. If controller is unable to accomplish this function a flow meter will be required. In addition to the flow meter a separate controller will also be required (BMS or standalone controller) that can develop the appropriate control signal using the differential sensor  $\frac{3}{4}$  of the way out in the system as well as the flow meter signal in order to map the proportional control curve. The resulting signal will be sent to pump control in order to speed up and slow down as required. The pump controller shall receive an analog signal [4-20mA] from the factory installed Differential Pressure Sensor between the suction and discharge flanges of the pump. As flow demand increases the pump speed shall be increased to maintain the proportional differential pressure required. As flow demand decreases the pump speed shall be reduced while system proportional differential pressure is also reduced.

**2.6 SYSTEM CONSTRUCTION**

- A. The CRE pump shall have a maximum working pressure ranging up to 435 psig at a temperature of 176°F.

- B. A differential pressure transducer shall be factory installed on the pump. Pressure transducers shall be made of 316 stainless steel. Transducer accuracy shall be +/- 1.0% full scale with hysteresis and repeatability of no greater than 0.1% full scale. The output signal shall be 4-20 mA with a supply voltage range of 9-32 VDC.

## **2.7 TESTING**

- A. The entire pump motor and VFD shall be factory performance tested as a complete unit prior to shipment.
- B. The pump shall undergo a hydrostatic test.

## **2.8 WARRANTY**

- A. The warranty period shall be a non-prorated period of 24 months from date of installation, not to exceed 30 months from date of manufacture.